

DNP Select Income Fund Inc.



4th

Annual Report

December 31, 2006

Fund Distributions and Managed Distribution Plan: Your Fund has been paying a regular 6.5 cents per share monthly distribution since July 1997. At the February 2007 Board of Directors meeting, the Board reaffirmed the current 6.5 cents per share per month distribution rate and adopted a Managed Distribution Plan. The Plan provides for the continuation of the 6.5 cents per share monthly distribution. The Fund will distribute all available investment income to shareholders, consistent with the Fund's primary investment objective. If and when sufficient investment income is not available on a monthly basis, the Fund will distribute long-term capital gains and/or return capital to its shareholders to maintain the steady distribution rate that has been approved by the Fund's Board of Directors. To the extent that the Fund uses capital gains and/or returns of capital to supplement its investment income, you should not draw any conclusions about the Fund's investment performance from the amount of the Fund's distributions or from the terms of the Fund's Managed Distribution Plan.

The Fund estimates that it has distributed more than its income and capital gains in the fiscal year to date; therefore, a portion of your distribution may be a return of capital. A return of capital may occur, for example, when some or all of the money that you invested in the Fund is paid back to you. A return of capital distribution does not necessarily reflect the Fund's investment performance and should not be confused with "yield" or "income".

The foregoing characterization of the Fund's distributions is based on U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and may differ from the treatment of those distributions for tax purposes. The determination of the character of all Fund distributions for tax purposes (specifying which portion is ordinary income, qualifying dividend income, short-or long-term capital gains, or return of capital) is made each year-end and is reported to shareholders on Form 1099-DIV. You should have received your 2006 Form 1099-DIV in early February.

The Board may amend, suspend or terminate the Managed Distribution Plan without prior notice to shareholders if it deems such action to be in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders. For example, the Board might take such action if the Plan had the effect of shrinking the Fund's assets to a level that was determined to be detrimental to Fund shareholders. The suspension or termination of the Plan could have the effect of creating a trading discount (if the Fund's stock is trading at or above net asset value) or widening an existing trading discount.

Please refer to page 31 of this report for a description of the Managed Distribution Plan in a Question and Answer format.

Dear Fellow Shareholders:

Performance Review: Consistent with its primary objective of current income, the Fund declared twelve monthly distributions of 6.5 cents per share of common stock during 2006. The 6.5 cents per share monthly rate, without compounding, would be 78 cents annualized, or a 7.21% common stock dividend yield based on the December 29, 2006, closing price of \$10.82 per share. That yield compares favorably with the year-end yields of 3.13% on the Dow Jones Utility Index and 3.08% on the S&P Utilities Index. Please refer to the portion of this letter captioned “Board of Directors Meetings” for important information about the Fund’s distributions.

Your Fund had a total return (income plus change in market price) of 12.5% for the year ended December 31, 2006, modestly better than the 12.1% return of the Composite of the S&P Utilities Index and the Lehman Utility Bond Index, reflecting the stock and bond ratio of the Fund. In comparison, the S&P Utilities Index—a stock only index—had a total return of 21.0%.

On a longer-term basis, as of December 31, 2006, your Fund had a five-year cumulative total return of 44.0%, again modestly above the 43.1% return of the Composite of the S&P Utilities Index and the Lehman Utility Bond Index, reflecting the stock and bond ratio of the Fund. In comparison, the S&P Utilities Index had a total return during that period of 55.5%. It is important to note that the Composite includes no management fees. The following table compares the performance of your Fund to various market benchmarks.

For the period indicated through December 31, 2006	Cumulative Total Return*				
	DNP Select Income Fund Inc.		Composite Index	S&P 500 Utilities Index	Lehman Brothers Utility Bond Index
	Market	NAV			
One year	12.5%	28.1%	12.1%	21.0%	15.8%
Five years	44.0%	75.4%	43.1%	55.5%	3.9%

* Total return includes dividends reinvested in the Fund or index, as applicable. The Composite Index is a composite of the returns of the S&P 500 Utilities Index and the Lehman Brothers Utility Bond Index, weighted to reflect the stock and bond ratio of the Fund. Performance returns for the S&P 500 Utilities Index and Lehman Brothers Utility Bond Index were obtained from Bloomberg LLP. Fund returns were obtained from the Administrator of the Fund. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Economic Review and Outlook: The United States economy, as measured by real Gross Domestic Product (GDP), completed its fifth year of expansion in calendar 2006. Although growth slowed markedly during the second and third quarters, the economy accelerated during the fourth quarter, sustained by lower energy prices and a snap-back in personal consumption expenditures. For the full year, GDP advanced 3.4%, compared with a 3.5% increase in 2005 and 4.2% in 2004. Although growth has eased somewhat from prior years, the current pace, if sustained, is consistent with the economy’s overall “potential rate of growth,” a measure that considers the underlying productive factors that generate business expansion.

The Federal Reserve (Fed) has been instrumental in cooling the economy. Between mid-year 2004 and mid-year 2006, the Fed increased the federal funds rate 17 times in 25 basis point (0.25%) increments. Although the Fed paused raising rates last August, policy deliberations and public statements by Fed officials since that time have made it clear that they perceive inflation to be a greater risk than a deeper economic slowdown. Indeed, the Fed's expectation for the economy has been correct—slower economic growth with signs of moderating core (excluding food and energy) inflation. Thus far, however, this measure of inflation continues to come in above the Fed's tolerance range. Until core inflation declines meaningfully and/or unemployment moves higher, the Fed is unlikely to reduce short-term interest rates below current levels.

As statistics released over the last several months have indicated, higher interest rates have been felt most keenly in the housing industry. During the second half of 2006, new and existing home sales fell sharply, and home construction fell at close to a 20% rate. The dramatic slowdown in housing is estimated to have reduced the growth in 2006 GDP by more than a full percentage point. There still exists an overhang of new home inventory, which will likely be a continued drag on the housing sector this year. Indeed, we feel the greatest risk to the economy for 2007 could be that weakness in the housing sector spills over into other areas of the economy, something that has happened historically only when personal income was declining.

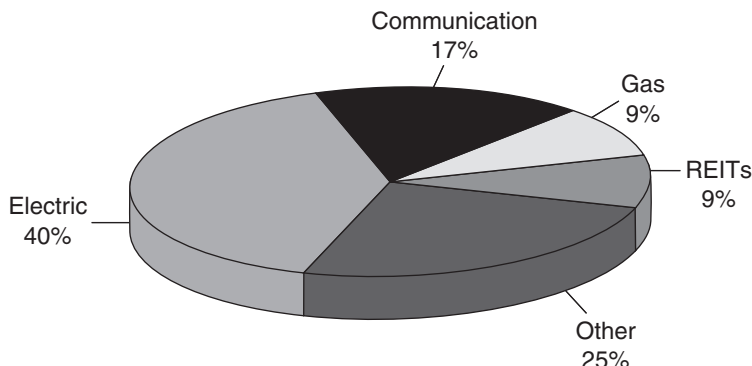
Fortunately, recently reported statistics suggest the 2006 rise in stock prices to some extent mitigated the wealth effect of flattening real estate values. For example, retail sales showed surprising strength during the December holiday shopping period, increasing by a seasonally adjusted 0.9%. For all of 2006, retail sales rose by 5.4%. This was down from the 6.9% increase in 2005, but a solid showing nonetheless, given the weakness in the housing market. In reality, real disposable personal income has been rising, and the American consumer is doing well, buoyed by high employment, low inflation-adjusted and tax-adjusted interest rates, and an all-time high in household net worth. When consumers are doing well, they generally spend. We anticipate that real personal consumption expenditures will continue to grow at a moderate pace and be an important element supporting continued economic growth during 2007.

Other bright spots in the economic outlook include exports and capital goods production. During 2006, the backlog of unfilled capital goods orders grew by over 19%—pointing to a continued flow of capital goods spending in coming quarters—and the export sector expanded at a 9.1% inflation-adjusted rate. Exports may well continue to grow strongly for the foreseeable future: The global economy is very healthy, and our largest and fastest-growing trading partners should continue to demand American-made goods, which are now cheaper because of the 8%-plus decline in the trade-weighted dollar in 2006.

The healthy state of the economy has also been reflected in aggregate corporate profits, which have risen sharply throughout the current economic expansion and likely will continue to grow in 2007 even with moderating growth. The impact of an economic slowdown is not felt evenly across all industries, of course, with manufacturing and housing typically being more cyclically sensitive than the service sectors.

At the February meeting of the Fund's Board of Directors each year, the Fund's analysts make a presentation to the Board regarding utility and REIT industry trends and outlooks. A review of specific issues affecting those industries based on those presentations will appear in our next quarterly letter to you. The graph below is a presentation of your Fund's investments summarized by sector as of December 31, 2006.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SECTOR ALLOCATION*
December 31, 2006



* Sector allocation is based on total investments rather than total net assets applicable to common shares and includes securities purchased with the cash collateral for securities loaned.

Board of Directors Meetings: At the regular December 2006 Board of Directors' meeting, the Board declared the following monthly dividends:

<u>Cents Per Share</u>	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Payable Date</u>
6.5	December 29	January 10
6.5	January 31	February 12
6.5	February 28	March 12

At the regular February 2007 Board of Directors' meeting, the Board declared the following monthly dividends:

<u>Cents Per Share</u>	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Payable Date</u>
6.5	March 30	April 10
6.5	April 30	May 10
6.5	May 31	June 11

At the February 2007 Board of Directors meeting, the Board reaffirmed the current 6.5 cents per share per month distribution rate and formalized the monthly distribution process by adopting a Managed Distribution Plan. The Plan is described in a Question and Answer format on page 31 of this report.

Interest rates remain historically low despite recent Federal Reserve actions, and utility common stock dividend yields are well below their long-term average. Since 2004, the Fund has made increased use of realized gains

offset by tax loss carryforwards to supplement its investment income. Until the Fund utilizes all of its tax loss carryforwards, distributions to shareholders derived from realized gains will be treated as ordinary income for tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The treatment of the Fund's realized gains as ordinary income for tax purposes has enabled the Fund to maintain its current monthly "income only" distribution rate. In the absence of tax loss carryforwards, distributions from long-term realized gains would be treated as taxable capital gains rather than ordinary income.

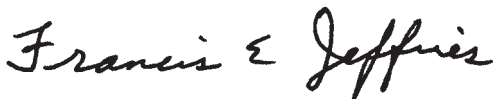
The Investment Company Act of 1940 and related rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) generally prohibit investment companies from distributing long-term capital gains, as defined by the IRC, more often than once in a twelve-month period. However, funds that have adopted a Managed Distribution Plan often seek exemptive relief from the SEC, permitting them to distribute long-term capital gains more than once a year. In order to potentially augment the sources from which your Fund's monthly distribution can be paid, the Fund's Board of Directors authorized the Fund to apply to the SEC for such exemptive relief at the same time that it adopted the Managed Distribution Plan.

If the granting of exemptive relief is denied or delayed by the SEC, and the Fund still needs to supplement its investment income from other sources after utilizing all of its tax loss carryforwards, the Fund's monthly shareholder distributions may need to include a portion of return of capital in order to maintain the distribution rate. Even if the Fund receives exemptive relief from the SEC, a return of capital could occur if the Fund were to distribute more than its income and net realized capital gains. A return of capital may occur, for example, when some or all of the money that you invested in the Fund is paid back to you but does not necessarily reflect the Fund's investment performance and should not be confused with "yield" or "income." Any return of capital would not be taxable to shareholders in the year it is paid. Rather, shareholders would be required to reduce the cost basis of their shares by the amount of the return of capital so that, when the shares are ultimately sold, they will have properly accounted for the return of capital.

Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Direct Deposit Service—The Fund has a dividend reinvestment plan available as a benefit to all registered shareholders and also offers direct deposit service through electronic funds transfer to all registered shareholders currently receiving a monthly dividend check. These services are offered through The Bank of New York. For more information and/or an authorization form on automatic dividend reinvestment or direct deposit, please contact The Bank of New York (1-877-381-2537 or <http://stock.bankofny.com>). Information on these services is also available on the Fund's web site at the address noted below.

Visit us on the Web—You can obtain the most recent shareholder financial reports and dividend information at our web site, <http://www.dnpselectincome.com>.

We appreciate your interest in DNP Select Income Fund Inc., and we will continue to do our best to be of service to you.



Francis E. Jeffries, CFA
Chairman of the Board



Nathan I. Partain, CFA
President and Chief
Executive Officer

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of
DNP Select Income Fund Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of DNP Select Income Fund Inc. (the "Fund"), including the schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2006, by correspondence with the custodian. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of DNP Select Income Fund Inc. at December 31, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The logo for Ernst & Young LLP, featuring the company name in a stylized, handwritten-style script.

Chicago, Illinois
February 12, 2007

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
December 31, 2006

COMMON STOCKS—98.5%

<u>Shares</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Value</u> <u>(Note 1)</u>
■ ELECTRIC AND GAS—72.0%		
982,300	Ameren Corp.	\$ 52,778,979
1,000,000	Atmos Energy Corp.	31,910,000
3,071,300	CenterPoint Energy Inc.	50,922,154
1,125,000	Consolidated Edison Inc.	54,078,750
2,030,000	Duke Energy Corp.	67,416,300
900,000	Endesa S.A. (Spain)	42,522,526
1,100,000	Energy East Corp.	27,280,000
1,464,000	Exelon Corp.	90,606,960
1,735,000	FPL Group Inc.	94,418,700
1,535,000	FirstEnergy Corp.	92,560,500
800,000	Great Plains Energy Inc.	25,440,000
188,673	National Grid PLC ADR	13,701,433
675,714	National Grid PLC (United Kingdom)	9,746,632
800,000	Nicor Inc.	37,440,000
1,000,000	Northeast Utilities Inc.	28,160,000
2,237,200	NSTAR	76,870,192
1,000,000	OGE Energy Corp.	40,000,000
1,296,733	Oneok Inc.	55,915,127
1,350,000	PG&E Corp.	63,895,500
1,200,000	PPL Corp.	43,008,000
1,500,000	Pinnacle West Capital Corp.	76,035,000
1,375,000	Progress Energy Inc.	67,485,000
1,000,000	Puget Energy, Inc.	25,360,000
393,000	RWE AG (Germany)	43,251,450
600,000	SCANA Corp.	24,372,000
1,000,000	Scottish & Southern Energy ADR	30,413,900
850,000	Scottish & Southern Energy PLC (United Kingdom)	25,851,996
1,587,301	Scottish Power PLC (United Kingdom)	23,237,266
2,000,000	Southern Co.	73,720,000
1,625,000	Teco Energy Inc.	27,998,750
1,500,000	Vectren Corp.	42,420,000
1,000,000	WGL Holdings Inc.	32,580,000
581,000	WPS Resources Corp.	31,391,430

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

<u>Shares</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
1,000,000	Westar Energy Inc.	\$ 25,960,000
3,499,304	Xcel Energy Inc.	80,693,950
		<u>1,629,442,495</u>
	■ TELECOMMUNICATION—15.2%	
2,095,230	AT&T Inc.	74,904,473
1,464,000	BCE Inc.	39,528,000
565,000	BT Group PLC ADR	33,837,850
1,377,000	Chunghwa Telecom Co. Ltd. ADR	27,168,210
2,500,000	Citizens Communications Co.	35,925,000
4,855,000	TeliaSonera AB (Sweden)	39,908,483
1,119,492	Verizon Communications Inc.	41,689,882
621,640	Vodafone Group PLC ADR	17,269,159
2,428,360	Windstream Corp.	34,531,279
		<u>344,762,336</u>
	■ NON-UTILITY—11.3%	
82,632	AMB Property Corp.	4,843,062
76,015	Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc.	7,631,906
40,000	Apartment Investment and Management Co.	2,240,800
192,850	Archstone Smith Trust	11,225,799
66,221	AvalonBay Communities Inc.	8,612,041
81,595	Boston Properties Inc.	9,128,849
47,978	Camden Property Trust	3,543,175
182,500	Corporate Office Properties Trust	9,210,775
89,768	DCT Industrial Trust Inc.	1,059,262
149,112	Developers Diversified Realty Corp.	9,386,600
55,223	Diamondrock Hospitality Co.	994,566
161,313	Digital Realty Trust Inc.	5,521,744
28,000	Douglas Emmett Inc.	744,520
90,800	Duke Realty Corp.	3,713,720
221,450	Equity Office Properties Trust	10,667,246
221,269	Equity Residential	11,229,402
55,104	Essex Property Trust Inc.	7,122,192
177,607	Extra Space Storage Inc.	3,243,104

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

<u>Shares</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Value</u> <u>(Note 1)</u>
15,000	Federal Realty Investment Trust	\$ 1,275,000
162,118	General Growth Properties Inc.	8,467,423
206,000	Health Care Property Investors Inc.	7,584,920
44,159	Hospitality Properties Trust	2,098,877
425,785	Host Hotels & Resorts Inc.	10,453,022
42,859	Kilroy Realty Corp.	3,343,002
218,085	Kimco Realty Corp.	9,802,921
63,229	LaSalle Hotel Properties	2,899,050
103,444	The Macerich Co.	8,955,147
229,630	ProLogis	13,954,615
124,335	Public Storage Inc.	12,122,662
83,035	Regency Centers Corp.	6,490,846
65,784	SL Green Realty Corp.	8,734,800
190,020	Simon Property Group Inc.	19,247,126
128,857	Sunstone Hotel Investors Inc.	3,444,348
184,367	United Dominion Realty Trust Inc.	5,861,027
173,891	Ventas Inc.	7,359,067
105,381	Vornado Realty Trust	12,803,791
		<u>255,016,407</u>
	Total Common Stocks (Cost—\$1,628,807,938)	<u>2,229,221,238</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

PREFERRED STOCKS—9.5%

<u>Shares</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
■ UTILITY—4.2%		
700,000	Entergy Corp. 7 5/8% due 2/17/09	\$ 41,636,000
1,200,000	Great Plains Energy Inc. 8% due 2/16/07	30,120,000
220,000	Southern California Edison 6 1/8% Perpetual	22,440,000
		<u>94,196,000</u>
■ NON-UTILITY—5.3%		
710,432	AMB Property Corp. 7% Series O Perpetual	18,428,606
17,300	AvalonBay Communities Inc. 8.70% Series H Perpetual	464,851
650,000	Duke Realty Corp. 6.95% Series M Perpetual	16,887,000
300,000	Federal National Mortgage Association 7% Perpetual	16,068,750
400,000	New Plan Excel Realty Trust 7 5/8% Series E Perpetual	10,400,000
900,000	Public Storage Inc. 7 1/4% Series I Perpetual	23,445,000
600,000	Realty Income Corp. 7 3/8% Series D Perpetual	15,600,000
200,000	Vornado Realty Trust 7% Series E Perpetual	5,168,760
234,900	Vornado Realty Trust 6 5/8% Series G Perpetual	5,837,265
350,000	Vornado Realty Trust 6 5/8% Series I Perpetual	8,718,500
		<u>121,018,732</u>
	Total Preferred Stocks (Cost—\$204,960,693)	<u>215,214,732</u>

BONDS—40.9%

<u>Par Value</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ratings*</u>		<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
		<u>Moody's</u>	<u>Standard and Poor's</u>	
■ ELECTRIC AND GAS—12.6%				
\$10,000,000	AGL Capital Corp. 7½%, due 1/14/11	Baa1	BBB+	\$ 10,554,310
22,000,000	Arizona Public Service Company 6½%, due 8/01/36	Baa2	BBB-	23,286,780
19,450,000	ComEd Financing II 8½%, due 1/15/27	Ba1	BB	19,844,971

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DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

<u>Par Value</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ratings*</u>		<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
		<u>Moody's</u>	<u>Standard and Poor's</u>	
\$ 9,304,000	Commonwealth Edison Co. 8%, due 5/15/08	Baa1	A-	\$ 9,591,857
24,000,000	Dominion Resources Capital Trust I 7.83%, due 12/01/27	Baa3	BB+	25,017,696
20,000,000	Duke Energy Corp., Series D 7½%, due 3/01/10	A3	BBB	21,201,900
5,000,000	Entergy Corp. 6.30%, due 9/01/35	Baa1	A-	4,938,090
24,340,000	Illinois Power Co. 7½%, due 6/15/09	Baa2	BBB-	25,316,399
17,000,000	Keyspan Corp. 7%, due 11/15/10	A3	A	18,283,041
15,825,000	Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. 8%, due 5/15/07	Baa1	A-	16,009,472
10,000,000	Northern Border Partners LP 8%, due 6/15/10	Baa2	BBB	10,970,270
5,000,000	NSTAR 8%, due 2/15/10	A2	A	5,377,805
9,000,000	PSEG Power LLC 8%, due 4/15/31	Baa1	BBB	11,529,432
7,043,000	Progress Energy Inc. 7.10%, due 3/01/11	Baa2	BBB-	7,507,197
22,750,000	Puget Capital Trust 8.231%, due 6/01/27	Ba1	BB	22,094,595
12,915,000	Sempra Energy 7.95%, due 3/01/10	Baa1	BBB+	13,865,531
13,000,000	Southern Co. Capital Trust II 8.14%, due 2/15/27	Baa1	BBB+	13,568,178
6,488,000	Southern Union Co. 7.60%, due 2/01/24	Baa3	BBB-	6,746,657
8,850,000	Southern Union Co. 8¼%, due 11/15/29	Baa3	BBB-	9,840,412

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DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

<u>Par Value</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ratings*</u>		<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
		<u>Moody's</u>	<u>Standard and Poor's</u>	
\$10,000,000	TE Products Pipeline Co. 7.51%, due 1/15/28	Baa3	BBB-	\$ 10,400,260
				285,944,853
	■ TELECOMMUNICATION—16.7%			
17,200,000	AT&T Wireless Services Inc. 7½%, due 5/01/07	A2	A	17,305,539
11,500,000	Alltel Corp. 7¾%, due 7/01/32	A2	A-	12,067,732
15,098,000	BellSouth Capital Funding Corp. 7¾%, due 2/15/10	A2	A	16,106,577
10,000,000	BellSouth Capital Funding Corp. 7¾%, due 2/15/30	A2	A	11,645,270
22,000,000	British Telecom PLC 8¾%, due 12/15/10	Baa1	BBB+	24,572,900
15,000,000	Centurytel Inc. 8¾%, due 10/15/10	Baa2	BBB	16,302,570
15,000,000	Centurytel Inc. 6¾%, due 1/15/28	Baa2	BBB	14,538,465
5,645,000	Comcast Cable Communications Inc. 8¾%, due 5/01/07	Baa2	BBB+	5,697,685
13,900,000	Comcast Corp. 7.05%, due 3/15/33	Baa2	BBB+	14,909,154
13,000,000	Deutsche Telekom Int'l Finance B.V. 8%, due 6/15/10	A3	A-	14,087,437
10,000,000	France Telecom SA 7¾%, due 3/01/11	A3	A-	10,902,440
17,625,000	GTE Corp. 7.90%, due 2/01/27	Baa1	A	18,342,796
17,000,000	Koninklijke KPN NV 8%, due 10/01/10	Baa2	BBB+	18,357,569

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

<u>Par Value</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ratings*</u>		<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
		<u>Moody's</u>	<u>Standard and Poor's</u>	
\$ 15,000,000	Koninklijke KPN NV 8¾%, due 10/01/30	Baa2	BBB+	\$ 17,233,935
24,104,000	Nextel Communications Corp. 7¾%, due 8/01/15	Baa3	BBB+	24,740,611
10,000,000	Sprint Capital Corp. 8¾%, due 3/15/12	Baa3	BBB+	11,125,630
10,000,000	TCI Communications Inc. 8¾%, due 8/01/15	Baa2	BBB+	11,846,300
32,000,000	Telecom Italia Capital 7.20%, due 7/18/36	Baa2	BBB+	33,535,712
15,000,000	Telefonica Emisiones SAU 7.045%, due 6/20/36	Baa1	BBB+	15,983,640
11,500,000	Telefonica Europe BV 7¾%, due 9/15/10	Baa1	BBB+	12,361,430
5,000,000	Telefonica Europe BV 8¾%, due 9/15/30	Baa1	BBB+	5,974,030
10,000,000	Telus Corp. 7½%, due 6/01/07	Baa2	BBB+	10,075,020
10,500,000	Verizon Global Funding Corp. 7¾%, due 12/01/30	A3	A	12,352,557
20,000,000	Vodafone Group PLC 7¾%, due 2/15/10	A3	A-	21,328,380
5,000,000	Vodafone Group PLC 7¾%, due 2/15/30	A3	A-	5,883,100
				377,276,479
	■ NON-UTILITY—11.6%			
#30,000,000	Bank of America, NA 5.36%, due 6/13/07	Aa1	AA	30,011,310
8,000,000	Dayton Hudson Corp. 9¾%, due 7/01/20	A1	A+	11,231,712
9,600,000	Duke Realty LP 6.80%, due 2/12/09	Baa1	BBB+	9,837,984

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

<u>Par Value</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Ratings*</u>		<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
		<u>Moody's</u>	<u>Standard and Poor's</u>	
\$ 10,000,000	EOP Operating LP 7¾%, due 11/15/07	Baa2	BBB	\$ 10,208,300
100,000,000	Federal National Mortgage Association 7½%, due 7/18/08	Aaa	AAA	100,095,400
#25,000,000	Premier Asset Collateralized Entity LLC 5.33%, due 4/25/07	Aaa	AAA	25,005,600
#22,000,000	Sedna Finance Inc. 5.33%, due 10/26/07	NR	NR	22,003,476
#30,000,000	Sigma Finance Inc. 5.37%, due 2/26/07	Aaa	AAA	30,000,826
#25,000,000	Stanfield Victoria Funding LLC 5.33%, due 1/25/07	Aaa	AAA	24,999,675
				263,394,283
	Total Bonds (Cost—\$920,586,981)			926,615,615

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

<u>Par Value/ Shares</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Value (Note 1)</u>
SHORT-TERM INSTRUMENTS—35.5%		
# \$ 1,797,799	AIM STIC Liquid Assets Portfolio	\$ 1,797,799
# 49,000,000	Banc of America Securities LLC Repurchase Agreement, 5.353%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$49,029,144 and collateralized by \$49,980,001 market value of corporate bonds having an average coupon rate of 6.38% and an original weighted average maturity of 03/24/11	49,000,000
# 115,000,000	BNP Paribas Securities Repurchase Agreement, 5.363%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$115,068,527 and collateralized by \$117,300,000 market value of corporate bonds having an average coupon rate of 5.51% and an original weighted average maturity of 10/30/13	115,000,000
# 50,000,000	Citigroup Global Markets Inc. Master Note 5.383%, due 1/02/07	50,000,000
# 125,000,000	Credit Suisse First Boston LLC Repurchase Agreement, 5.363%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$125,074,486 and collateralized by \$127,502,974 market value of asset-backed securities (ABS) and corporate bonds having an average coupon rate of 7.38% and an original weighted average maturity of 8/09/32	125,000,000
# 50,000,000	Dresdner Kleinwort Wasserstein Securities LLC Repurchase Agreement, 5.363%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$50,029,794 and collateralized by \$51,001,195 market value of corporate bonds having an average coupon rate of 5.93% and an original weighted average maturity of 8/23/28	50,000,000
# 113,000,000	Goldman Sachs & Co. Repurchase Agreement, 5.383%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$113,067,587 and collateralized by \$115,260,001 market value of ABS and collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) having an average coupon rate of 5.77% and an original weighted average maturity of 9/21/36	113,000,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

Par Value/ Shares	Description	Value (Note 1)
# 50,000,000	Greenwich Capital Markets Inc. Repurchase Agreement, 5.393%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$50,029,961 and collateralized by \$51,002,133 market value of ABS and CMOs having an average coupon rate of 6.42% and an original weighted average maturity of 6/15/36	\$ 50,000,000
# 100,000,000	Lehman Brothers Inc. Repurchase Agreement, 5.363%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$100,059,589 and collateralized by \$102,004,486 market value of CMOs and corporate bonds having an average coupon rate of 5.29% and an original weighted average maturity of 10/20/26	100,000,000
# 100,000,000	Merrill Lynch Mortgage Capital Inc. Master Note 5.438%, due 1/02/07	100,000,000
# 50,000,000	Nomura Securities International Inc. Repurchase Agreement, 5.363%, dated 12/29/06, due 1/02/07, with a repurchase price of \$50,029,794 and collateralized by \$51,000,001 market value of ABS and CMOs having an average coupon rate of 5.96% and an original weighted average maturity of 2/19/38	50,000,000
	Total Short-Term Instruments (Amortized Cost—\$803,797,799)	803,797,799
	TOTAL INVESTMENTS—184.4% (Cost—\$3,558,153,411)	4,174,849,384
	OTHER ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES—(62.3%)	(1,410,647,174)
	AUCTION PREFERRED STOCK—(22.1%)	(500,000,000)
	NET ASSETS APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCK—100.0%	\$ 2,264,202,210

* Bond ratings are not covered by the report of the independent registered public accounting firm.

This security was purchased with the cash proceeds from securities loaned.

The percentage shown for each investment category is the total value of that category as a percentage of the net assets applicable to common stock of the Fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
December 31, 2006

ASSETS:

Investments at value (cost \$3,558,153,411) including \$652,000,000 of repurchase agreements and \$899,741,272 of securities loaned	\$4,174,849,384
Cash	23,407,883
Receivables:	
Interest	17,401,224
Dividends	7,172,763
Securities lending income	132,971
Prepaid expenses	102,754
Total Assets	<u>\$4,223,066,979</u>

LIABILITIES:

Due to Adviser (Note 2)	4,402,986
Due to Administrator (Note 2)	1,069,638
Dividends payable on common stock	14,723,938
Interest payable on remarketed preferred stock	1,751,822
Dividends payable on auction preferred stock	353,667
Payable for securities lending broker rebates	1,975,888
Accrued expenses	769,918
Payable upon return of securities on loan	933,816,912
Remarketed preferred stock (5,000 shares issued and outstanding; liquidation preference \$100,000 per share) (Note 5)	<u>500,000,000</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>1,458,864,769</u>
Auction preferred stock (20,000 shares issued and outstanding; liquidation preference \$25,000 per share) (Note 5)	<u>500,000,000</u>
NET ASSETS APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCK	<u>\$2,264,202,210</u>

CAPITAL:

Common stock (\$.001 par value; 250,000,000 shares authorized and 226,522,117 shares issued and outstanding) (Note 4)	\$ 226,522
Paid-in surplus	1,818,058,146
Accumulated net realized loss on investments	(147,381,262)
Distributions in excess of net investment income	(23,398,395)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments and foreign currency translation	<u>616,697,199</u>
Net assets applicable to common stock (equivalent to \$10.00 per share based on 226,522,117 shares outstanding)	<u><u>\$2,264,202,210</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
For the year ended December 31, 2006

INVESTMENT INCOME:

Interest (less withholding tax of \$3,229)	\$ 41,532,449
Dividends (less withholding tax of \$2,305,411)	107,101,913
Securities lending income, net	<u>1,687,391</u>
Total investment income	150,321,753

EXPENSES:

Management fees (Note 2)	15,976,021
Remarketed preferred stock interest expense (Note 5)	20,270,454
Commercial paper interest expense (Note 6)	3,086,715
Administrative fees (Note 2)	3,945,204
Transfer agent fees	469,100
Custodian fees	518,500
Remarketing agent fees—remarketed preferred stock	1,267,360
Broker-dealer commissions—auction preferred stock	831,250
Shareholder reports and postage	697,000
Professional fees	291,500
Directors' fees (Note 2)	493,000
Other expenses	<u>724,553</u>
Total expenses	<u>48,570,657</u>
Net investment income	101,751,096

REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN:

Net realized gain on investments	103,781,423
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments and foreign currency translation	<u>325,173,704</u>
Net realized and unrealized gain	428,955,127

DISTRIBUTIONS ON AUCTION PREFERRED STOCK FROM:

Net investment income (Note 5)	<u>(16,244,083)</u>
Total distributions	<u>(16,244,083)</u>
Net increase in net assets applicable to common stock resulting from operations	<u>\$514,462,140</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	For the year ended December 31, 2006	For the year ended December 31, 2005
FROM OPERATIONS:		
Net investment income	\$ 101,751,096	\$ 88,010,925
Net realized gain	103,781,423	87,747,926
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments and foreign currency translation	325,173,704	(58,948,531)
Distributions on auction preferred stock from net investment income	(16,244,083)	—
Net increase in net assets applicable to common stock resulting from operations	514,462,140	116,810,320
DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:		
From and in excess of net investment income (Note 4)	(175,734,577)	(167,196,945)
Return of capital	—	(7,616,135)
Total distributions to common stockholders	(175,734,577)	(174,813,080)
FROM CAPITAL STOCK TRANSACTIONS:		
Shares issued to common stockholders from dividend reinvestment of 2,686,482 shares and 2,504,518 shares, respectively	26,927,777	26,772,937
Offering cost incurred in the sale of 20,000 shares of auction preferred stock	(5,660,038)	—
Net increase in net assets derived from capital share transactions	21,267,739	26,772,937
Total increase (decrease)	359,995,302	(31,229,823)
TOTAL NET ASSETS APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCK:		
Beginning of year	1,904,206,908	1,935,436,731
End of year (including distributions in excess of net investment income of \$23,398,395 and \$33,403,581, respectively)	<u>\$2,264,202,210</u>	<u>\$1,904,206,908</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the year ended December 31, 2006

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH

Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Interest received	\$ 33,510,388	
Income dividends received	105,194,229	
Long-term capital gains dividends received	3,198,808	
Return of capital on investments	1,116,820	
Securities lending income, net	1,672,142	
Expenses paid (excluding interest)	(60,084,757)	
Interest paid on commercial paper	(4,496,931)	
Purchase of investment securities	(1,806,619,811)	
Proceeds from sale/redemption of investment securities	1,586,822,033	
Amortization of premiums and discounts on debt securities	<u>8,844,590</u>	
Net cash used in operating activities		(130,842,489)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of 20,000 shares of auction preferred stock	494,339,963	
Dividends paid	(176,679,133)	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under dividend reinvestment plan	26,927,777	
Net cash used in commercial paper issuance	<u>(197,255,382)</u>	
Net cash provided by financing activities		<u>147,333,225</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		16,490,736
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of year		<u>6,917,147</u>
Cash and cash equivalents—end of year		<u>\$ 23,407,883</u>
Reconciliation of net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities:		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations		\$ 514,462,140
Change in investments	(219,797,779)	
Net realized gain on investments	(103,781,423)	
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	(325,173,704)	
Amortization of premiums and discounts on debt securities	8,844,590	
Return of capital on investments	1,116,820	
Long-term capital gains dividends received	3,198,808	
Increase in interest receivable	(8,022,061)	
Increase in dividends receivable	(1,907,684)	
Increase in accrued expenses	233,053	
Increase in other receivable	<u>(15,249)</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>(645,304,629)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities		<u>\$(130,842,489)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS—SELECTED PER SHARE DATA AND RATIOS

The table below provides information about income and capital changes for a share of common stock outstanding throughout the years indicated:

	For the year ended December 31,				
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Net asset value:					
Beginning of year	\$ 8.51	\$ 8.75	\$ 7.94	\$ 7.37	\$ 9.18
Net investment income(1)(2)	0.47	0.41	0.54	0.75	0.79
Net realized gain (loss) and change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) on investments	1.89	0.14	1.06	0.62	(1.78)
Dividends on remarketed preferred stock from net investment income(1)	—	—	—	—	(0.04)
Dividends on auction preferred stock from net investment income	(0.07)	—	—	—	—
Total from investment operations applicable to common stock	2.29	0.55	1.60	1.37	(1.03)
Dividends on common stock from and in excess of net investment income	(0.78)	(0.75)	(0.79)	(0.80)	(0.78)
Return of capital	—	(0.04)	—	—	—
Total distributions	(0.78)	(0.79)	(0.79)	(0.80)	(0.78)
Auction preferred stock offering costs . . .	(0.02)	—	—	—	—
Net asset value:					
End of year	<u>\$ 10.00</u>	<u>\$ 8.51</u>	<u>\$ 8.75</u>	<u>\$ 7.94</u>	<u>\$ 7.37</u>
Per share market value:					
End of year	\$ 10.82	\$ 10.39	\$ 11.92	\$ 10.96	\$ 9.90
Ratio of expenses to average net assets applicable to common stock(1)	2.40%	2.24%	1.86%	1.89%	1.44%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets applicable to common stock(1)(2)	5.02%	4.51%	5.63%	9.88%	9.63%
Total investment return on market value . .	12.50%	(6.16%)	17.35%	19.82%	(3.04%)
Portfolio turnover rate(2)	29.60%	27.99%	43.71%	242.69%	197.27%
Net assets applicable to common stock, end of year (000s omitted)	\$2,264,202	\$1,904,207	\$1,935,437	\$1,738,286	\$1,592,970

(1) Upon the adoption of FAS 150 in 2003, dividends on remarketed preferred stock are included in interest expense and are part of net investment income. Absent this change in accounting, per share net investment income and dividends on remarketed preferred stock would have been \$0.56 and \$0.09, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2006; \$0.47 and \$0.06, respectively, in 2005; \$0.57 and \$0.03, respectively, in 2004; \$0.78 and \$0.03, respectively, in 2003.

(2) Beginning in 2004, the Fund reduced its use of short-term trading strategies designed to capture dividend income and made increased use of realized gains to supplement its investment income. Until the Fund utilizes all of its tax loss carryforwards, distributions to shareholders derived from such realized gains will be treated as ordinary income for tax purposes. In addition, the reduced use of short-term trading strategies reduced the Fund's portfolio turnover rate during the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2006

(1) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC. (the "Fund") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland on November 26, 1986. The Fund commenced operations on January 21, 1987, as a closed-end diversified management investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The primary investment objectives of the Fund are current income and long-term growth of income. Capital appreciation is a secondary objective.

The following are the significant accounting policies of the Fund:

(a) Equity securities traded on a national or foreign securities exchange or traded over-the-counter and quoted on the NASDAQ System are valued at the last reported sale price or, if there was no sale on the pricing date, then the security is valued at the mean of the bid and ask prices as obtained on that day from one or more dealers regularly making a market in that security. Fixed income securities are valued at the mean of bid and ask prices provided by an independent pricing service when such prices are believed to reflect the fair market value of such securities. Such bid and ask prices are determined taking into account securities prices, yields, maturities, call features, ratings, and institutional size trading in similar securities and developments related to specific securities. Any securities for which it is determined that market prices are unavailable or inappropriate are valued at a fair value using a procedure determined in good faith by the Board of Directors. Short-term investments having a maturity of 60 days or less are valued on an amortized cost basis, which approximates market value.

(b) Repurchase agreements are fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government Agency and other investment grade securities. All collateral is held by an independent third-party custodian bank on behalf of the Fund until maturity of the repurchase agreement. Provisions of the agreement provide that the market value of the collateral plus accrued interest on the collateral is greater than or equal to the repurchase price plus accrued interest at all times. In the event of a default or bankruptcy by the other party to the agreements, the Fund maintains the right to sell the underlying collateral securities at market value; however realization and/or retention of the collateral may be subject to legal proceedings.

(c) It is the Fund's policy to comply with requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute substantially all of its taxable income to its shareholders. Therefore, no provision for Federal income or excise taxes is required. The Fund intends to utilize provisions of Federal income tax laws which allow a realized capital loss to be carried forward for eight years following the year of loss. At December 31, 2006, the Fund had tax capital loss carryforwards of \$150,585,405 which will expire in 2011. These capital loss carryforwards will be reduced by future realized gains, whether or not distributed (see Note 4). At December 31, 2006, on a tax basis, the Fund had undistributed net investment income of \$0 and based on a \$3,576,595,839 tax cost of investments, gross unrealized appreciation of \$610,438,317 and unrealized depreciation of \$12,184,772. The difference between the book basis and tax basis of distributable earnings and cost of investments are primarily a result of tax deferral of wash sale losses, the accretion of market discount and amortization of premiums and alternative tax treatment of certain securities.

(d) Security transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses from sales of securities are determined on the specific identified cost basis. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date.

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

Interest income and expense are recognized on the accrual basis. Discounts and premiums on securities are amortized over the lives of the respective securities for financial reporting purposes. Discounts and premiums are not amortized for tax purposes.

(e) The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(f) In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued interpretation No. 48 (“FIN 48”) entitled “Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement 109”. FIN 48 prescribes the minimum recognition threshold a tax position must meet in connection with accounting for uncertainties in income tax positions taken or expected to be taken by an entity including mutual funds before being measured and recognized in the financial statements. The Fund must implement FIN 48 no later than June 29, 2007. The impact on the Fund’s financial statements, if any, is currently being assessed.

In addition, in September 2006, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (“SFAS 157”) was issued and is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. SFAS 157 defines fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The Fund will adopt SFAS 157 during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2008. Management is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of SFAS 157 will have on the Fund’s financial statement disclosures.

(2) MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS:

The Fund has engaged Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. (the “Adviser”) to provide professional investment management services for the Fund and has engaged J. J. B. Hilliard, W. L. Lyons, Inc. (the “Administrator”) to provide administrative and management services for the Fund. The Adviser receives a quarterly fee at an annual rate of .60% of the average weekly net assets of the Fund up to \$1.5 billion and .50% of average weekly net assets in excess thereof. The Administrator receives a quarterly fee at annual rates of .25% of average weekly net assets up to \$100 million, .20% of average weekly net assets from \$100 million to \$1 billion, and .10% of average weekly net assets over \$1 billion. For purposes of the foregoing calculations, “average weekly net assets” is defined as the sum of (i) the aggregate net asset value of the Fund’s common stock (ii) the aggregate liquidation preference of the Fund’s preferred stock and (iii) the aggregate proceeds to the Fund of commercial paper issued by the Fund. Directors of the Fund not affiliated with the Adviser receive a fee of \$25,000 per year plus \$2,000 per board meeting, plus \$1,500 per committee meeting attended. Committee chairmen receive an additional fee of \$5,000 per year. The chairman of the board receives an additional fee of \$50,000 per year. Total fees paid to directors for the year ended December 31, 2006 were \$414,000.

(3) INDEMNIFICATIONS:

Under the Fund’s organizational documents, its Officers and Directors are indemnified against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Fund. In addition, in the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts that provide general indemnifications to other parties. The Fund’s maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

that have not yet occurred. However, the Fund has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts and expects the risk of loss to be remote.

(4) DIVIDENDS:

The Fund declares and pays dividends monthly. The amount and timing of distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Distributions from and in excess of net investment income on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets consists of ordinary income distributions for federal income tax purposes. Ordinary income distributions for federal income tax purposes include distributions from realized gains, until the Fund utilizes all of its tax loss carryforwards.

The tax character of all Fund distributions to common shareholders in 2005 and 2006 was as follows:

	<u>Ordinary Income</u>	<u>Return of Capital</u>
2005	\$167,196,945	\$7,616,135
2006	\$175,734,577	\$ 0

Due to inherent differences in the recognition and distribution of income and realized gains/losses under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and for federal income tax purposes, permanent differences between book and tax basis reporting have been identified and appropriately reclassified on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The reclassifications primarily relate to premium amortization and capital loss carryforwards utilized for current year distributions. These reclassifications have no impact on the net asset value of the Fund. At December 31, 2006 the following reclassifications were recorded:

<u>Paid-in Surplus</u>	<u>Accumulated net realized loss on investments</u>	<u>Distributions in excess of net investment income</u>
\$(97,157,829)	\$(3,074,921)	\$100,232,750

(5) PREFERRED STOCK:

In 1988, the Fund issued 5,000 shares of Remarketed Preferred Stock (“RP”) in five series of 1,000 shares each at a public offering price of \$100,000 per share. In 2006, the Fund issued 20,000 shares of Auction Preferred Stock (“APS”) in five series of 4,000 shares each at a public offering price of \$25,000 per share. The underwriting discount and other offering costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the RP and APS were recorded as a reduction of paid-in surplus on common stock. Dividends on the RP and APS are cumulative at a rate which was initially established for each series at the time of its initial offering. Since the initial offering of each series of RP and APS, the dividend rate on each series of RP has been reset every 49 days by a remarketing process and the dividend rate on each series of APS has been reset every seven days by an auction process. Dividend rates ranged from 3.47% to 4.47% on the RP and from 4.57% and to 5.32% on the APS during the year ended December 31, 2006.

The RP and APS are redeemable at the option of the Fund on any dividend payment date at a redemption price equal to \$100,000 per share for each share of RP and \$25,000 per share for each share of APS, plus accumulated and unpaid dividends in each case. The Fund is required to maintain certain asset coverage with respect to the RP and APS, and the RP and APS are subject to mandatory redemption if that asset coverage is

DNP SELECT INCOME FUND INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
December 31, 2006

not maintained. Each series of RP is also subject to mandatory redemption on a date certain, therefore, the RP is classified as a liability on the statement of assets and liabilities and the related dividends as interest expense on the statement of operations. The mandatory redemption dates are as follows: Series A—November 28, 2012; Series B—November 18, 2015; Series C—November 7, 2018; Series D—December 22, 2021; and Series E—December 11, 2024.

In general, the holders of the RP and of the Common Stock have equal voting rights of one vote per share and the holders of the APS are entitled to 1/4 vote per share. Since each share of APS represents a liquidation preference of \$25,000, and each share of RP represents a liquidation preference of \$100,000 per share, the allocation of 1/4 vote per share to the APS gives all holders of preferred stock equal voting power per dollar of liquidation preference. The holders of the RP and APS, voting together as a class, are entitled to elect two members of the Board of Directors, and separate class votes are required on certain matters that affect the respective interests of the RP and APS and the Common Stock.

(6) COMMERCIAL PAPER:

As of January 1, 2006 the Fund had Commercial Paper Notes (“Notes”) outstanding with a par value of \$200,000,000 and had entered into a credit agreement to provide backup liquidity. The Notes were unsecured, general obligations of the Fund. During the period ended May 31, 2006, the Fund decreased the amount of its outstanding Notes to zero. Interest rates on the Notes ranged from 4.37% to 4.80% during the period from January 1, 2006 through May 31, 2006. As of June 1, 2006, the Fund no longer issues such Notes and has terminated the related backup credit facility.

(7) INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS:

For the year ended December 31, 2006 purchases and sales of investment securities (excluding short-term securities) were \$1,099,476,447 and \$846,583,938, respectively.

The Fund may lend portfolio securities to a broker/dealer. Loans are required to be secured at all times by collateral at least equal to the market value of securities loaned. The Fund receives a portion of the income earned on the securities held as collateral and continues to earn income on the loaned securities. Security loans are subject to the risk of failure by the borrower to return the loaned securities in which case the Fund could incur a loss. At December 31, 2006 the Fund had loaned portfolio securities with a market value of \$899,741,272 and received \$933,816,912 of cash collateral. This cash was invested in securities as shown in the Schedule of Investments.

Information about Directors and Officers of the Fund—(unaudited)

Set forth below are the names and certain biographical information about the directors and officers of the Fund. Directors are divided into three classes and are elected to serve staggered three-year terms. All of the directors are elected by the holders of the Fund’s common stock, except for Mr. Genetski and Ms. Lampton, who are elected by the holders of the Fund’s preferred stock. All of the directors of the Fund are classified as independent directors because none of them are “interested persons” of the Fund, as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940. The term “Fund Complex” refers to the Fund and all other investment companies advised by affiliates of Phoenix Investment Partners, Ltd. (“PXP”).

Independent Directors

<u>Name, Address and Age</u>	<u>Positions Held with Fund</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by the Director</u>
Stewart E. Conner c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 65	Director	Term expires 2007, Director since April 2004	Attorney, Wyatt Tarrant & Combs LLP since 1966 (Chairman, Executive Committee 2000-2004, Managing Partner 1988-2000)	1	
Connie K. Duckworth c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 52	Director	Term expires 2008, Director since April 2002	Founder, Chairman and President, Arzu, Inc. (nonprofit corporation created to assist Afghan women through sale of homemade rugs) since August 2003; Member, Eight Wings Enterprises LLC (investor in early-stage businesses) 2002-2004; Advisory Director, Goldman Sachs & Company, December 2000-December 2001 (Managing Director, December 1996-December 2000, Partner 1990-1996, Chief Operating Officer of Firmwide Diversity Committee 1990-1995)	1	Director, Smurfit-Stone Container Corporation (packaging manufacturer), Nuveen Investments, Inc.; Trustee, Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company; and Russell Frank Company (diversified financial services company) Director and Chairman, Evanston Northwestern Health Care Corporation; Member, Board of Overseers, Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania; Director, Global Heritage Fund (archaeological conservation organization)

<u>Name, Address and Age</u>	<u>Positions Held with Fund</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by the Director</u>
Robert J. Genetski c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 64	Director	Term expires 2007; Director since April 2001	President, Robert Genetski & Associates, Inc. (economic and financial consulting firm) since 1991; Senior Managing Director, Chicago Capital Inc. (financial services firm) 1995-2001; former Senior Vice President and Chief Economist, Harris Trust & Savings Bank, author of several books; regular contributor to the Nikkei Financial Daily	1	Director, Midwest Banc Holdings, Inc.
Francis E. Jeffries c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 76	Director and Chairman of the Board	Term expires 2007, Director since January 1987	Retired Chairman of the Board of PXP since May 1997, Chairman of the Board of the Fund since May 2005 (Vice Chairman April 2004-May 2005); Chairman of the Board of DTF Tax-Free Income Inc. (“DTF”) since September 1991 and Duff & Phelps Utility and Corporate Bond Trust Inc. (“DUC”) since November 1992 (President of DTF and DUC, January 2000-February 2004); Chairman of the Board of PXP, November 1995-May 1997; Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Duff & Phelps Corporation, June 1993-November 1995 (President and Chief Executive Officer, January 1992-June 1993); Chairman of the Board, Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. (the “Adviser”) 1988-1993	63	
Nancy Lampton c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 64	Director and Vice Chairman	Term expires 2009; Director since October 1994	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Hsrdsuffle Inc. (insurance holding company) since January 2000; Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, American Life and Accident Insurance Company of Kentucky since 1971	3	Director, Constellation Energy Group, Inc. (public utility holding company); Advisory Board Member, Thorium Power, Inc. (designer of non-proliferative fuel for nuclear energy needs)

<u>Name, Address and Age</u>	<u>Positions Held with Fund</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by the Director</u>
Christian H. Poindexter c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 68	Director	Term expires 2009; Director since May 2003	Retired Executive Committee Chairman, Constellation Energy Group, Inc. (public utility holding company) since March 2003 (Executive Committee Chairman, July 2002-March 2003; Chairman of the Board, April 1999-July 2002; Chief Executive Officer, April 1999-October 2001; President, April 1999-October 2000) Chairman, Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, January 1993-July 2002 (Chief Executive Officer January 1993-July 2000; President, March 1998-October 2000; Director, 1988-2003)	1	Director, Mercantile Bankshares Corporation (bank holding company); Director, The Baltimore Life Insurance Company; Chairman Investment Committee, U.S. Naval Academy Foundation
Carl F. Pollard c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 68	Director	Term expires 2008; Director since April 2002	Owner, Hermitage Farm L.L.C. (thoroughbred breeding) since January 1995; Chairman, Columbia Healthcare Corporation 1993-1994; Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Galen Health Care, Inc, March-August 1993, President and Chief Operating Officer, Humana Inc. 1991-1993 (previously Senior Executive Vice President, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer)	3	Chairman of the Board and Director, Churchill Downs Incorporated; Director, LifeCare Holdings, Inc. (hospital holding company)
David J. Vitale c/o Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 60	Director	Term expires 2009; Director since April 2000	Chief Administrative Officer, Chicago Public Schools since April 2003; Private investor November 2002-April 2003; President and Chief Executive Officer, Board of Trade of the City of Chicago, Inc. March 2001-November 2002; Retired executive 1999-2001; Vice Chairman and Director, Bank One Corporation, 1998-1999; Vice Chairman and Director, First Chicago NBD Corporation, and President, The First National Bank of Chicago, 1995-1998; Vice Chairman, First Chicago Corporation and The First National Bank of Chicago, 1993-1998 (Director, 1992-1998; Executive Vice President, 1986-1993)	3	Director, UAL Corporation (airline holding company), ISO New England Inc, (not for profit independent system operator of New England's electricity supply), Ariel Capital Management, LLC, Ark Investment Corp. and Wheels, Inc. (automobile fleet management)

Additional information about the Fund’s directors is contained in the Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) constituting Part B of the Fund’s Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed with the SEC. The most recent post-effective amendment to that Registration Statement is available electronically at the SEC’s Internet web site, <http://www.sec.gov>. The Fund will also furnish a copy of the SAI portion of the Registration Statement, without charge, to any shareholder who so requests by calling the Administrator at (888) 878-7845 (toll-free).

Officers of the Fund

The officers of the Fund are elected at the annual meeting of the board of directors of the Fund. The officers receive no compensation from the Fund, but are also officers of the Fund’s investment adviser or the Fund’s administrator and receive compensation in such capacities.

<u>Name, Address and Age</u>	<u>Position(s) Held with Fund and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>
Nathan I. Partain Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 50	President and Chief Executive Officer since February 2001; Chief Investment Officer since January 1998; Executive Vice President, April 1998-February 2001; Senior Vice President January 1997-April 1998	President and Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser since April 2005 (Executive Vice President 1997-2005); President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer of DTF and DUC since February 2004; Director of Utility Research, Duff & Phelps Investment Research Co. 1989-1996 (Director of Equity Research, 1993-1996 and Director of Fixed Income Research, 1993); Director, Otter Tail Corporation (1993-present)
T. Brooks Beittel Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 56	Secretary and Senior Vice President since January 1995; Treasurer, January 1995-September 2002	Senior Vice President of the Adviser since 1993 (Vice President 1987-1993); Secretary of DUC and DTF since May 2005
Joseph C. Curry, Jr. c/o Hilliard Lyons Investment Management 500 West Jefferson St. Louisville, KY 40202 Age: 62	Treasurer since September 2002; Senior Vice President since May 2006 (Vice President, April 1988-May 2006)	Senior Vice President, J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, Inc. since 1994 (Vice President 1982-1994); Vice President, Hilliard Lyons Trust Company; President, Hilliard-Lyons Government Fund, Inc.; Vice President and Assistant Treasurer, Senbanc Fund
Joyce B. Riegel Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 52	Chief Compliance Officer since February 2004	Senior Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer of the Adviser since 2004 (Vice President and Compliance Officer of the Adviser 2002-2004), Chief Compliance Officer of DTF and DUC since 2003. Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer, Stein Roe Investment Counsel LLC 2001-2002, Vice President and Compliance Officer, Stein Roe & Farnham Incorporated 1996-2000

<u>Name, Address and Age</u>	<u>Position(s) Held with Fund and Length of Time Served</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>
<p>Michael Schatt Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. 55 East Monroe Street Suite 3600 Chicago, IL 60603 Age: 59</p>	<p>Senior Vice President since April 1998 (Vice President, January 1997-April 1998)</p>	<p>Senior Vice President of the Advisor since 1997; Managing Director of PXP 1994-1996</p>
<p>Dianna P. Wengler c/o Hilliard Lyons Investment Management 500 West Jefferson St. Louisville, KY 40202 Age: 46</p>	<p>Vice President since May 2006 (Assistant Vice President, April 2004-May 2006); Assistant Secretary since April 1998</p>	<p>Vice President, J.J.B. Hilliard, W.L. Lyons, Inc. since 1990; Vice President, Hilliard-Lyons Government Fund, Inc.</p>

Information about Proxy Voting by the Fund—(unaudited)

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available without charge, upon request, by calling the Administrator toll-free at (888) 878-7845 or is available on the Fund's web site <http://www.dnpselectincome.com> or on the SEC's web site <http://www.sec.gov>.

Information regarding how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12 month period ended June 30 is available without charge, upon request, by calling the Administrator toll-free at (888) 878-7845 or is available on the Fund's website at <http://www.dnpselectincome.com> or on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Information about the Fund's Portfolio Holdings—(unaudited)

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third fiscal quarters of each fiscal year (quarters ended March 31 and September 30) on Form N-Q. The Fund's Form N-Q is available on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov> and may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington D.C. Information on the operation of the SEC's Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the Fund's Form N-Q is available on the Fund's website at <http://www.dnpselectincome.com>.

CEO and CFO Certifications—(unaudited)

In 2006, the Fund's chief executive officer ("CEO") provided to the New York Stock Exchange the annual CEO certification regarding the Fund's compliance with the New York Stock Exchange's corporate governance listing standards. In addition, the Fund's CEO and the Fund's chief financial officer ("CFO") filed with the SEC all required certifications regarding the quality of the Fund's public disclosures in its reports filed with the SEC in 2006.

Questions and Answers regarding the Managed Distribution Plan—(unaudited)

Question 1: What is a Managed Distribution Plan?

Answer: A Managed Distribution Plan is one in which common shareholders receive a consistent, but not guaranteed, periodic cash payment, regardless of when or whether income is earned or capital gains are realized. Such a policy recognizes that many investors are willing to accept the higher price volatility of equity investments, but desire a stable level of cash distributions available to them each month for reinvestment or other purposes. The Plan adopted by your Fund's Board of Directors provides for a continuation of monthly distributions of 6.5 cents per share, which amounts to 78 cents annually, subject to the Board's right to suspend, modify, or terminate the Plan without notice at any time.

Question 2: Why is the Fund implementing a Managed Distribution Plan at this time?

Answer: For the past several years, less current income has been earned on the Fund's traditional investment holdings because interest rates have been at historically low levels, utility common stock dividend yields have been well below their long-term average, and income earned on the Fund's leverage, while still beneficial, has dropped. Consequently, there has been a smaller amount of current income available to distribute to shareholders. Initially, in order to sustain the monthly distribution level, the Fund used strategies designed to capture dividend income. However, beginning in 2004, Fund management curtailed the use of dividend capture strategies and made increased use of realized capital gains. Because these capital gains were fully offset by the Fund's tax loss carryforwards, they have been characterized as ordinary income, rather than as capital gains, under the Internal Revenue Code. Once the Fund utilizes all of its tax loss carryforwards, the timing of which is impossible to predict, and in the absence of an increase in the yields earned on Fund investments, the Fund's monthly distributions to shareholders may include short- and long-term capital gains and/or a portion of non-taxable return of capital in order to maintain the distribution rate.

The Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act") generally prohibits investment companies from distributing long-term capital gains (as defined by the Internal Revenue Code) more often than once every twelve months. However, funds that have adopted a Managed Distribution Plan often seek exemptive relief from the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), permitting them to distribute long-term capital gains more than once a year. In order to potentially augment the sources from which your Fund's monthly distribution can be paid, the Fund's Board of Directors, at the same time that it adopted a Managed Distribution Plan, also authorized the Fund to apply to the SEC for such exemptive relief.

Question 3: What approvals does the Fund need from the SEC in order to implement the Managed Distribution Plan?

Answer: Investment company distributions are governed by Section 19(b) of the 1940 Act and Rule 19b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under Section 19(b), investment companies are limited to one distribution per year of long-term capital gains (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code), subject to certain exceptions contained in Rule 19b-1. Because the Fund currently offsets its long-term capital gains with tax loss carryforwards, distributions made pursuant to the Managed Distribution Plan do not consist of long-term capital gains (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code). For this reason, exemptive relief from the SEC is not needed in the near term. However, if and when the Fund exhausts its tax loss carryforwards, it will likely need to utilize net realized long-term capital gains to maintain a steady distribution, and will therefore require exemptive relief from Section 19(b)

and Rule 19b-1 in order to distribute long-term capital gains more than once in a 12-month period. Having a Board-approved Managed Distribution Plan in place is generally a prerequisite for the SEC to consider exemptive relief from Section 19(b) of the 1940 Act.

Question 4: How does the SEC handle requests for exemptive relief from Section 19(b) of the 1940 Act?

Answer: Historically, investment companies that wished to implement a managed distribution plan allowing for multiple capital gain distributions in a 12-month period have sought exemptive relief from Section 19(b) and Rule 19b-1. In October 2006, the SEC staff announced a new set of conditions to be included in applications for exemptive orders. The SEC staff has stated that the new conditions are intended to ensure that funds will provide fund investors and others with enhanced disclosure about the sources of distributions made under a Managed Distribution Plan and about the fund's total return relative to the distribution rate under the Plan. Your Fund plans to file an application with the SEC, in accordance with the conditions set forth by the SEC staff, so that the Fund will be able to maintain the Managed Distribution Plan even after the Fund's capital loss carryforwards are exhausted. The SEC staff's conditions (which were further amended in December 2006) are detailed in the answer to Question 5 below.

Question 5: What information does the SEC require the Board to consider as part of the application process for exemptive relief from Section 19(b) of the 1940 Act?

Answer: First, the Board is required to consider: (1) the details of the proposed Managed Distribution Plan (including the amount of the periodic, level distribution), the purpose of the Plan, and the right of the Board to amend or terminate the Plan at any time without prior notice to Fund shareholders; (2) how adoption and implementation of the Plan are consistent with the Fund's investment objectives and policies and are in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders; (3) any potential or actual conflict of interest that the Adviser or any affiliated persons of the Fund or Adviser may have relating to the adoption or implementation of the Plan; (4) any foreseeable material effect of the Plan on the Fund's long-term total return in relation to market price and net asset value ("NAV"); and (5) whether the rate of distribution under the Plan will exceed the Fund's total expected return in relation to NAV.

Second, from a compliance standpoint, the Board is required to consider the policies and procedures that the Fund's Administrator and Adviser propose to adopt relating to the Plan. Specifically, the compliance procedures relating to the Plan must: (1) be designed to provide reasonable assurance that all notices required to be sent to Fund shareholders pursuant to Section 19 of the 1940 Act include all the required disclosures; (2) require that the Fund keep records that demonstrate its compliance with all of the conditions of Section 19 of the 1940 Act; (3) provide for the Fund's Chief Compliance Officer to review the adequacy of the policies and procedures proposed by the Fund's Administrator and Adviser, determine whether the Fund and the Fund's Adviser have complied with the conditions set out by the SEC in the exemptive order, and report the results of the review to the Board of Directors at least once every three months or at the next regularly scheduled quarterly board meeting; (4) address the course of action for widespread public disclosure of information regarding the Fund's periodic distributions via press releases, SEC filings, website postings, and inclusion in Fund information, communications, and reports to shareholders, beneficial owners, and potential shareholders; (5) address monitoring the trading in the Fund's common stock so that the Board of Directors may readdress the appropriateness of the Plan and its benefits to Fund shareholders if the Fund's common stock has traded at greater than a 10% premium to NAV and/or the Fund's annualized distribution rate, expressed as a percentage of NAV, is greater than the Fund's average annual total return in relation to the change in NAV over a prescribed period of time.

Question 6: What are the primary advantages of a Managed Distribution Plan?

Answer: A managed distribution plan allows a fund to provide to its common shareholders a regular, periodic distribution that is not dependent on the timing or amount of income earned or capital gains realized by the fund. This type of distribution plan recognizes that many investors are willing to accept the higher price volatility of equity investments but also like to receive a consistent level of cash distributions each month for reinvestment or other purposes. It also reduces share price volatility associated with a potentially large one-time distribution. Further, Lipper Analytical Services (“Lipper”) data indicate that managed distribution policies tend to have a positive effect on supporting a closed-end fund’s market price in relation to its NAV. Even though your Fund historically has traded at a premium, there can be no assurance that the premium will persist over the long term.

To the extent that the Fund distributes long-term capital gains, either annually or, if the Fund is granted exemptive relief from Section 19(b) of the 1940 Act, the tax effects will be favorable under current tax law, as the applicable tax rate will be the lower capital gains tax rate instead of the rate applied to ordinary income.

Question 7: What are the primary disadvantages of a Managed Distribution Plan?

Answer: One disadvantage of the Managed Distribution Plan is a negative tax impact on shareholders when the Fund’s distribution includes capital loss carryforwards offset by realized capital gains. (See Question 11 below.) Distributions of offset capital gains are characterized under the Internal Revenue Code as ordinary income to shareholders, and are taxed as such, rather than at the more favorable rate on long-term capital gains. In addition, the Managed Distribution Plan may affect the Fund’s portfolio management strategy, which is discussed in Question 8 below. If the Fund’s total return is less than the annual distribution, the Managed Distribution Plan could shrink the assets of the Fund over time and thus increase the Fund’s expense ratio (i.e., the Fund’s fixed expenses will be spread over a smaller pool of assets). Another potential disadvantage of the Managed Distribution Plan is that it is subject to modification, suspension or termination at any time, without notice, by the Board. This is discussed in more detail in Question 9 below. Finally, a managed distribution that contains a return of capital will require shareholders to adjust their cost basis by the amount of each return of capital so that when they sell their shares, their cost basis will be lower. This will add to the recordkeeping requirements of shareholders.

Advantages and disadvantages notwithstanding, the Fund has no control over the capital gains it may be forced to realize because of unexpected tender offers or mergers of the issuers of its underlying stockholdings. In addition, the components of dividends received from real estate investment trusts (REITs) – ordinary income, capital gains, and return of capital – cannot be determined by the Fund at the time of distribution. Indeed, the REITs themselves do not know the exact percentage breakdown of those components until after the end of the calendar year, at which time REIT security holders (including the Fund) are notified. The tax characteristics of the REIT dividend portion of the Fund’s total distribution for a year are then made available to Fund shareholders, but are not within the control of the Fund.

Question 8: Will the Managed Distribution Plan impact the way in which the Fund is managed?

Answer: Adoption of the Plan is not expected to materially change the portfolio management strategy of the Fund. The Fund’s primary investment objectives continue to be current income and growth in income; capital appreciation remains a secondary objective. The Fund seeks to achieve these objectives by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed income securities of companies in the public utilities industry. Under normal conditions, the Fund’s investment policies require the Fund to invest at least 65% of its assets in companies engaged in the production, transmission, or distribution of electric energy, gas, or telephone services. The Adviser does

not expect to change the makeup of the portfolio because of the adoption of a managed distribution policy; rather, the Fund will maintain its traditional focus on the securities of high-quality, income-generating utility companies. The Adviser may manage the portfolio slightly differently than in the absence of the Managed Distribution Plan, but not in such a way that is likely to negatively impact shareholders. For instance, the Adviser may realize a loss in a security by selling it in order to offset realized capital gains; absent the Managed Distribution Plan, the Advisers might not have caused the Fund to realize the loss. This would result in slightly higher portfolio turnover with a small cost of trading. However, the Adviser will not retain positions that it believes should be sold based on fundamental analysis of the underlying company.

Question 9: Under what circumstances can the Managed Distribution Plan be terminated or suspended?

Answer: The Managed Distribution Plan can be modified, suspended, or terminated at any time by the Board, without any notice to or approval by shareholders. Because the Managed Distribution Plan has been implemented prior to receiving exemptive relief from Section 19(b) and Rule 19b-1 of the 1940 Act, its continuation without violating Section 19(b) and Rule 19b-1 will be dependent on a number of factors over which the Fund has no control. For this reason, the Fund has the flexibility to modify, suspend, or terminate the Managed Distribution Plan immediately if the Board deems such action to be in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders. For instance, the Board may modify, suspend, or terminate the Managed Distribution Plan if the Plan has the effect of shrinking the Fund's assets to a level that is determined to be detrimental to Fund shareholders. The suspension or termination of the Managed Distribution Plan could have the effect of creating a trading discount (if the Fund is trading at or above NAV) or widening an existing trading discount.

Question 10: Are the managed distribution payments considered "yield"?

Answer: Not necessarily. You should not draw any conclusions about the Fund's investment performance based on the magnitude of the distribution. Yield is a measure of net investment income, relative to the share price, that is distributed to the Fund's shareholders. A distribution of capital gains, for example, is not considered net investment income. Neither is a return of capital. Therefore, managed distributions consisting of capital gains and/or return of capital do not result in a higher yield or a high yield fund.

Question 11: Will the Managed Distribution Plan result in any additional administrative consequences or have tax effects for shareholders?

Answer: There would be an added recordkeeping obligation for shareholders if at some point the distributions contain a return of capital component. Return of capital is not taxable to shareholders in the year it is paid. Rather, shareholders are required to reduce the cost basis of their shares by the amount of the return of capital so that, when the shares are ultimately sold, they will have properly accounted for the return of capital. Such an adjustment may cause a shareholder's gain to be greater, or loss to be smaller, depending on the sales proceeds received. For example, assume a shareholder bought shares in the Fund for \$10.00 per share and then received dividends from the Fund that included \$1.00 per share of return of capital. At that point, the cost basis should be adjusted down to \$9.00 per share. If the shareholder subsequently sells the shares for \$10.50 each, the gain is \$1.50 per share, taxed at the long-term capital gains tax rate. Essentially, a return of capital defers shareholders' tax liability until the shares are sold. Shareholders who hold their shares in non-taxable accounts such as IRAs will not need to make any adjustments in the cost basis.

Other tax effects of the Plan are minimal. As described in the answers to Questions 2, 3, and 7 above, if the Fund has net realized long-term capital gains and a tax loss carryforward position, as has been the case over the past few years, distributions of those gains are treated as ordinary income to shareholders and taxed at the ordinary income tax rate under the Internal Revenue Code. However, a long-term capital gains distribution, regardless of whether it is disbursed monthly or once annually, will be taxed at the long-term capital gain tax rate under the Internal Revenue Code.

The foregoing is not intended to be a complete discussion of the tax consequences of the Managed Distribution Plan and shareholders are urged to seek their own professional tax advice regarding this matter. The Fund will send you a Form 1099-DIV following the end of each calendar year that will tell you how to report Fund distributions for federal income tax purposes.

Question 12: Why do shareholders receive a 19(a) Notice?

Section 19(a) of the 1940 Act provides that if a registered investment company's distributions are composed of a source other than net income earned on the underlying holdings, the distribution must be accompanied by a written statement (a "19(a) Notice") that adequately discloses the sources of the distribution. Net realized short- and long-term capital gains and return of capital are examples of other sources from which the Fund's distribution may be paid. Therefore, in accordance with the 1940 Act, the Fund provides a 19(a) Notice to shareholders, detailing the proportion of the distribution represented by net investment income, net realized short- and/or long-term capital gains, and return of capital, as pertinent to the period covered by the distribution.

Because the 19(a) Notice would alert shareholders if at some point distributions contain a return of capital, it would also alert shareholders that they might have a record keeping obligation (as discussed in Question 11). It is important for shareholders to understand that the calculations in the 19(a) Notice are based on Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP); on the other hand, the tax characteristics of distributions detailed on the 1099-DIV form that shareholders receive after the end of a calendar year are based on the Internal Revenue Code, which may or may not be equivalent to the GAAP treatment. Shareholders are urged to seek their own professional tax advice regarding this distinction.

The 19(a) Notice also assists you in understanding the Fund's yield and return characteristics. You should not draw any conclusions about the Fund's investment performance simply based on the magnitude of the distribution. Yield is a measure of net investment income, relative to the share price, that is distributed to the Fund's shareholders. A distribution of capital gains, for example, is not considered net investment income. Neither is a return of capital. Therefore, managed distributions consisting of capital gains and/or return of capital do not result in a higher yield or a high yield fund.

Question 13: Will additional information be available to shareholders?

Yes. Current information about the Managed Distribution Plan will be included in the Fund's quarterly reports to shareholders and will be posted on the Fund's website, <http://www.dnpselectincome.com>. Through these channels, shareholders will be kept informed of any decision by the SEC regarding the Fund's request for an exemptive order and any actions taken by the Board of Directors to modify, suspend or terminate the Plan.

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Board of Directors

FRANCIS E. JEFFRIES
Chairman

NANCY LAMPTON
Vice Chairman

STEWART E. CONNER

CONNIE K. DUCKWORTH

ROBERT J. GENETSKI

CHRISTIAN H. POINDEXTER

CARL F. POLLARD

DAVID J. VITALE

Officers

NATHAN I. PARTAIN, CFA
President, Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Investment Officer

T. BROOKS BEITTEL, CFA
Senior Vice President and Secretary

JOSEPH C. CURRY, JR.
Senior Vice President and Treasurer

JOYCE B. RIEGEL
Chief Compliance Officer

MICHAEL SCHATT
Senior Vice President

DIANNA P. WENGLER
Vice President and Assistant Secretary

DNP Select Income Fund Inc.

Common stock listed on the New York
Stock Exchange under the symbol DNP

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Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

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